

Security Design & High-Risk Users



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Security is not about computers.

People built computers to accomplish tasks.

People built more computers and networked them to accomplish more tasks.

Those computers got compromised. People paid us to fix the problem. We made the mistake of thinking they meant us to fix the computers. Having made this mistake, we built an entire industry around solving the wrong problem.

People built yet more computers and networks.

We realized we couldn't secure them individually and started looking at probabilities and scaling.

We never did fix the problem.



Security is the set of activities that reduce the likelihood of a set of adversaries successfully frustrating the goals of a set of users.



Security design is the process of understanding user culture, goals, and workflows, organizational technical capabilities, and adversary capabilities and dispositions and synthesizing a satisficing solution.





Mapping the Security Task



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Security Design Participatory Design **Adversd**ry Requirements Modeling Mapping Analysis **I**hreat Architectural the Architectural Modeling Design Analysis Security Standards & Development **Frameworks** Task Testing **Security Testing** Monitoring & **Operations Incident Response**

Visibility to Prevent vs. Cost to Fix





Outcomes are messy



Understanding the Operations Process

- Planning in the presence of an adversary
- OODA Loops
- Cognitive overhead
- Operational utility
- Functional deployability





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Invariants

IntegritySimplicityDeployabilityInteroperability

Availability

Nonrepudiation Trust

Confidentiality Efficacy

Unlinkability

Invariants

Accuracy Adaptability Agility Anticipation Assurance **Availability**

Awareness Capacity Coherence Concealment **Confidentiality**

Continuity Control Completeness

Cooperation Coordination Deception Deployability Deniability Depth Deterrence Discipline Dispersion Economy Efficacy Endurance Exposure Identifiability

Resilience Initiative Integration Responsiveness Integrity Simplicity Simultaneity Interoperability Goodwill Surprise Mobility Survivability Nonrepudiation Synchronization Objectivity Trust Precision Timeliness Predictability Susceptibility Readiness Uncertainty Unlinkability Receptivity Redundancy Unpredictability Velocity Relevancy

Legibility

concept + design

Matthew Wizinsky University of Illinois at Chicago Fall 2010



- Understanding, documenting, and communicating constraints and capabilities
- Synthesize and validate potential solutions
- Communicate and justify those solutions
- Support the development process & prevent drift

Participatory Design

- Recognize users as authorities on their goals
- Deep cultural engagement for complex scenarios
- Surface tacit and embodied knowledge
- Build long-term community trust
- Short-circuit long development processes
- Create blended countermeasures
- Minimize team ego

Practical Process Change

- Find your UX designers and product managers
- Insist on coming to all of their meetings
- Learn their language and process
- Learn what your users are actually trying to do
- Design requirements-level security support
- Document and solidify once you have results
- Give yourself room to fail
- Work across your org to center user goals

Thank you!



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Hack, lu 2015

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